Community Development Block Grant Program

Consolidated Annual Performance and Evaluation Report



City of Portsmouth, New Hampshire

July 1, 2015 - June 30, 2016

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CR-05 - Goals and Outcomes

Progress the jurisdiction has made in carrying out its strategic plan and its action plan. 91.520(a). This could be an overview that includes major initiatives and highlights that were proposed and executed throughout the program year.

The activities undertaken during this program year represented the priority needs identified in the 2015-2019 Consolidated Plan. Those priority needs included Housing, Public Facilities, Public Services -General Welfare, Public Services - Youth Programs, Public Services - Homeless/HIV-AIDS, Public Services - Health, and Public Services - Non-Homeless/Special Populations. Many of these needs were met by ongoing programs such as the Residential Accessibility Program, Housing Rehabilitation Program, the Public Facility Accessibility and Improvements Program, and the Public Service Agency Grant Program.

Comparison of the proposed versus actual outcomes for each outcome measure submitted with the consolidated plan and explain, if applicable, why progress was not made toward meeting goals and objectives. 91.520(g)

The Senior Center project was delayed in Program Year 2015 by the acquisition process; however, CDBG funds have been allocated for design and engineering in Program Year 2016. Additional funds for the Senior Center are anticipated for rehabilitation and construction phases during the Five Year Consolidated Plan period. Accessibility Improvements to City Hall were not undertaken in this program year, and after a reassessment of needs at City Hall the time period for these planned improvements is anticipated to commence in program year 4 or 5 in the City's Consolidated Plan. Nonprofit Planning and Programs goals were address through non-homeless public facility improvements.

The following Table 1 depicts progress made toward meeting Program Year 2015 goals. Note: expenditures for each program did not download from IDIS into the following Table 1; see FY 15-16 Summary of CDBG Expenditures summary chart on page 8.

Goal	Category	Source / Amount	Indicator	Unit of Measure	Expected – Strategic Plan	Actual – Strategic Plan	Percent Complete	Expected – Program Year	Actual – Program Year	Percent Complete
City Senior Center	Non-Homeless Special Needs Non-Housing Community Development	CDBG: \$ / General Fund: \$	Public Facility or Infrastructure Activities other than Low/Moderate Income Housing Benefit	Persons Assisted	0	0		0	0	
Citywide Accessibility Improvements	Non-Homeless Special Needs Non-Housing Community Development	CDBG: \$	Public Facility or Infrastructure Activities other than Low/Moderate Income Housing Benefit	Persons Assisted	8500	10395	122.29%	8500	10395	122.29%
Homeless Goal and HIV/AIDS	Homeless	CDBG: \$	Public service activities other than Low/Moderate Income Housing Benefit	Persons Assisted	200	201	100.5%	200	201	100.5%
Housing	Affordable Housing Public Housing	CDBG: \$	Public Facility or Infrastructure Activities other than Low/Moderate Income Housing Benefit	Persons Assisted	0	0		0	0	
Housing	Affordable Housing Public Housing	CDBG: \$	Public Facility or Infrastructure Activities for Low/Moderate Income Housing Benefit	Households Assisted	0	0				
Housing	Affordable Housing Public Housing	CDBG: \$	Rental units rehabilitated	Household Housing Unit	0	0		0	0	

Housing	Affordable Housing Public Housing	CDBG: \$	Homeowner Housing Rehabilitated	Household Housing Unit	5	7	140.00%	5	7	140.00%
Housing	Affordable Housing Public Housing	CDBG: \$	Direct Financial Assistance to Homebuyers	Households Assisted	0	0		0	0	
Housing	Affordable Housing Public Housing	CDBG: \$	Homeless Person Overnight Shelter	Persons Assisted	0	0		0	0	
Housing	Affordable Housing Public Housing	CDBG: \$	Overnight/Emergency Shelter/Transitional Housing Beds added	Beds	0	0		0	0	
Non Profit Planning and Programs	Non-Housing Community Development	CDBG: \$	Public Facility or Infrastructure Activities other than Low/Moderate Income Housing Benefit	Persons Assisted	50	54	108%	0	0	108%
Operation Blessing Emergency Power Installation	Homeless Non-Homeless Special Needs	CDBG: \$	Public Facility or Infrastructure Activities other than Low/Moderate Income Housing Benefit	Persons Assisted	500	511	102.20%	500	511	102.20%
Operation Blessing Emergency Power Installation	Homeless Non-Homeless Special Needs	CDBG: \$	Public service activities other than Low/Moderate Income Housing Benefit	Persons Assisted	0	0				
Operation Blessing Emergency Power Installation	Homeless Non-Homeless Special Needs	CDBG: \$	Homeless Person Overnight Shelter	Persons Assisted	0	0		0	0	

Operation										
Blessing	Homeless		Overnight/Emergency							
Emergency	Non-Homeless	CDBG: \$	Shelter/Transitional	Beds	0	0		0	0	
Power	Special Needs		Housing Beds added							
Installation										
	Affordable									
	Housing									
	Public Housing									
	Homeless									
Drogram	Non-Homeless									
Program Administration	Special Needs	CDBG: \$	Other	Other	1	1	100.00%	1	1	100.00%
Auministration	Non-Housing									100.00%
	Community									
	Development									
	Program									
	Admin									
	Non-Homeless									
	Special Needs		Public service activities	Persons Assisted	3750	4002	106.72%	3750	4002	
Public Services	Non-Housing	CDBG: \$	other than Low/Moderate							106.72%
	Community		Income Housing Benefit							
	Development									
	Non-Homeless									
	Special Needs		Public service activities for	Households						
Public Services	Non-Housing CDBG: \$ Low/Moderate Incom	Low/Moderate Income	Assisted	0	0		0	0		
	Community		Housing Benefit	Assisted						
	Development									
	Non-Homeless									
	Special Needs		Direct Financial Assistance	Housebolds		0				
Public Services	Non-Housing	CDBG: \$	to Homebuyers	Households	0			0	0	
	Community			Assisted						
	Development									

Public Services	Non-Homeless Special Needs Non-Housing Community Development	CDBG: \$	Tenant-based rental assistance / Rapid Rehousing	Households Assisted	10	13	130.00%	10	13	130.00%
Public Services	Non-Homeless Special Needs Non-Housing Community Development	CDBG: \$	Homeless Person Overnight Shelter	Persons Assisted	200	201	100.50%	200	201	100.50%
Public Services	Non-Homeless Special Needs Non-Housing Community Development	CDBG: \$	Overnight/Emergency Shelter/Transitional Housing Beds added	Beds	0	0		0	0	
Special Needs/Non- Homeless Services	Non-Homeless Special Needs	CDBG: \$	Public service activities other than Low/Moderate Income Housing Benefit	Persons Assisted	1200	1339	111.58%			
Youth Programs	Non-Housing Community Development	CDBG: \$	Public service activities other than Low/Moderate Income Housing Benefit	Persons Assisted	250	251	100.40%			

Table 1 - Accomplishments – Program Year & Strategic Plan to Date

Assess how the jurisdiction's use of funds, particularly CDBG, addresses the priorities and specific objectives identified in the plan, giving special attention to the highest priority activities identified.

The activities undertaken during this program year represented the priority needs identified in the 2015-2019 Consolidated Plan. Those priority needs included Housing, Public Facilities, Public Services - General Welfare, Public Services - Youth Programs, Public Services - Homeless/HIV-AIDS, Public Services - Health, and Public Services - Non-Homeless/Special Populations. Many of these needs were met by ongoing programs such as the Residential Accessibility Program, Housing Rehabilitation Program, the Public Facility Accessibility and Improvements Program, and the Public Service Agency Grant Program.

Executive Summary

The Consolidated Annual Performance and Evaluation Report (CAPER) for Program Year 2015 (City FY 2015-2016) describes the programmatic accomplishments and financial expenditures made between July 1, 2015 and June 30, 2016. Accomplishments for the fiscal year are presented in the context of the goals and priorities set forth in the 2015-2109 Five Year Consolidated Plan. This is the first in a series of five CAPERs that relate to the 2015-2019 Five Year Consolidated Plan. The Five-Year Consolidated Plan identifies community needs, strategies for addressing these needs, and CDBG program goals. An Annual Plan is developed for each fiscal year to describe the specific projects funded in that year to address the five-year program goals. These documents are developed through a citizen participation process conducted by the Citizens Advisory Committee. This committee, which is comprised of representatives from the community, holds public meetings and hearings to obtain input regarding community needs and potential projects. Community Development staff support the Citizens Advisory Committee in these efforts. The preparation of these documents, including the CAPER, is a requirement of U.S. Housing and Urban Development (HUD) which funds the CDBG program.

FY 15-16 CDBG Expenditures – see summary chart below.

FY 15-16 Summary of CDBG Expenditures*

IDIS #	Description	Expended	Subtotals
1916	General Admin-Salaries	\$95,742.38	
1916	General Admin-Health Ins. Reimbursement General	\$0.00	
1916	Admin-Longevity	\$503.15	
1916	General Admin-FICA	\$5,735.29	
1916	General Admin-Medicare	\$1,349.07	
1916	General Admin-Retirement	\$10,206.74	
1916	General Admin-Advertising General Admin-Dues-Prof Organizations	\$501.23	
1916		\$750.00	
1916	General Admin-Travel/Conference/Training General Admin-Office Supplies	\$1,036.95 \$301.68	
1916	General Admin-Copy/printing	\$150.69	
1916	General Admin-Postage	\$343.20	
1916	General Admin-Books/Periodicals	\$0.00	
1916	General Admin-Unclassified	\$45.14	\$116,665.52
1919	RAP Brock	\$16,600.00	
1923	RAP Shaw	\$1,308.00	
1918	Housing Rehab Brock	\$28,780.00	
1920	Housing Rehab Haven	\$20,330.50	
1925	Housing Rehab Goins	\$6,195.00	
1924	Housing Rehab Kranz	\$6,195.00	\$79,408.50
1015	II		
1915	Housing Rehab Salaries	\$61,301.43	
1915	Housing Rehab-Health Ins. Reimbursement	\$500.00	
1915	Housing Rehab-Longevity	\$621.54	
1915	Housing Rehab FICA	\$3,559.52	
1915 1915	Housing Rehab Medicare	\$824.48	
1915	Housing Rehab Retirement Housing Rehab Audit	\$7,536.97 \$2,200.00	
1915	Housing Rehab Travel/Conference	\$320.12	
1915	Housing Rehab-Office Supplies	\$182.61	
1915	Housing Rehab-Postage	\$21.44	
1915	Housing Rehab Unclassified	\$829.92	\$77,698.03
1899	Strawbery Banke Accessibility	\$10,300.00	
1922	Dock Accessibility	\$33,830.00	
1903	Greenleaf Rec Center	\$14,120.00	
1921	Gosling Road Pedestrian Improvements Emergency	\$65,895.84	
1901	Power Source for Public Service Agenc	\$35,000.00	\$159,145.84
1905	AIDS Response Seacoast	\$8,505.00	
1906	Area Homecare Services	\$8,375.00	
1907	Crossroads House	\$6,375.00	
1908	Families First Dental	\$8,375.00	
1904	HAVEN	\$7,500.00	
1909	New Heights Adventures for Teens	\$3,750.00	
1910	NH Legal-Housing Justice	\$2,067.98	
1911	PHA, Risk & Prevention Youth Program Rockigham CAP	\$3,750.00 \$3,750.00	
1912	CAP Seacoast Community School	\$7,097.31	
1913	Seacoast Community School Seacoast Mental Health Center, Psychiatry Program	\$6,000.00	\$61,545.29
1881	A Safe Place	\$1,250.00	
1882	AIDS Response Seacoast	\$2,500.00	
1883	Area Homecare Services	\$2,250.00	
1884	Crossroads House	\$2,250.00	
1885	Families First Dental	\$2,250.00	
1887	New Heights Adventures for Teens	\$1,250.00	
1886	NH Legal-Housing Justice	\$459.41	
1888	PHA, Risk & Prevention Youth Program Rockigham	\$1,250.00	
1889	CAP	\$1,250.00	
	Seacoast Community School	\$2,239.66	
1890	Seacoast Mental Health Center, Psychiatry Program	\$1,500.00	tun 000 07
1891 1892	Sexual Assault Support Services	\$1,250.00	\$19,699.07
1891		\$1,250.00	\$19,639.07

IDIS#	Description	Expended	Subtotals
1895	PEDLP Audit	\$1,600.00	\$1,600.00
	Program Income totals		\$1,600
	Total Fund 20 Expenditures Total Fund 21-24 Expenditures		\$514,162.25 \$1,600.00
	General Admin Expenditures		\$116,665.52
	Total CDBG Expenses, Fund 2	0-24	\$51 <mark>5,762.2</mark> 5

*Notes: Gen Admin Supplies \$75.15 paid in '15 but drawn in '14 Gen Admin Supplies \$126.54 paid in '15 but drawn in '16 against '15 funds Gosling Road \$271.90 paid in '15 but drawn in '16 against '15 funds

CR-20 Clarification: Discuss the difference between goals and outcomes and problems encountered in meeting these goals.

The "one-year goals" stated in the two tables in section CR-20 later in this document reflect 5-year goals. The City exceeded goals for assisting households with rental assistance and rehabilitation to provide safe, decent housing.

	One-Year Goal	Actual
Number of homeless households to be		
provided affordable housing units	0	0
Number of non-homeless households to		
be provided affordable housing units	0	0
Number of special-needs households to		
be provided affordable housing units	0	0
Total	0	0
	One-Year Goal	Actual
Number of households supported		
through rental assistance	10	13
Number of households supported		
through the production of new units	0	0
Number of households supported		
through the rehab of existing units	3	7
Number of households supported		
through the acquisition of existing units	0	0
Total	13	20

CR-10 - Racial and Ethnic composition of families assisted

Describe the families assisted (including the racial and ethnic status of families assisted). 91.520(a)

	CDBG
White	10,580
Black or African American	340
Asian	288
American Indian or American Native	34
Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander	16
Total	11,258
Hispanic	261
Not Hispanic	11,333

Table 2 – Table of assistance to racial and ethnic populations by source of funds

Narrative

No additional comments.

CR-15 - Resources and Investments 91.520(a)

Source of Funds	Source	Resources Made Available	Amount Expended During Program Year
CDBG	HUD	1,234,294	515,762

Identify the resources made available

Table 3 – Resources Made Available

Narrative

No additional comments.

Identify the geographic distribution and location of investments

Target Area	Planned Percentage of Allocation	Actual Percentage of Allocation	Narrative Description
City-Wide	100	100	See below.

Table 4 – Identify the geographic distribution and location of investments

Narrative

Funds expended to serve primarily low-moderate income individuals or areas; also expended to made public facility improvements including removal of architectural barriers.

Leveraging

Explain how federal funds leveraged additional resources (private, state and local funds), including a description of how matching requirements were satisfied, as well as how any publicly owned land or property located within the jurisdiction that were used to address the needs identified in the plan.

Resources were leveraged for projects whenever possible. In City FY 2015-2016, a total of \$12,085,371 No state or local unit of government funding was utilized for projects during this program year; however, additional resources were leveraged for projects whenever possible. In FY 2015-2016, a total of \$12,085,371 was leveraged by nonprofit agencies as additional investment for several projects including public services and public facility improvement projects.

CR-20 - Affordable Housing 91.520(b)

Evaluation of the jurisdiction's progress in providing affordable housing, including the number and types of families served, the number of extremely low-income, low-income, moderate-income, and middle-income persons served.

	One-Year Goal	Actual
Number of Homeless households to be		
provided affordable housing units	10	0
Number of Non-Homeless households to be		
provided affordable housing units	25	0
Number of Special-Needs households to be		
provided affordable housing units	5	0
Total	40	0

	One-Year Goal	Actual
Number of households supported through		
Rental Assistance	40	13
Number of households supported through		
The Production of New Units	20	0
Number of households supported through		
Rehab of Existing Units	3	7
Number of households supported through		
Acquisition of Existing Units	0	0
Total	63	20

Table 6 – Number of Households Supported

Discuss the difference between goals and outcomes and problems encountered in meeting these goals.

The "one-year goals" stated in the two tables above reflect 5-year goals. See CR-20 clarification on page 9. The City exceeded goals for assisting households with rental assistance and rehabilitation to provide safe, decent housing.

Discuss how these outcomes will impact future annual action plans.

The City will continue to meet or exceed goals to assist eligible households to find and maintain safe, decent affordable housing

Include the number of extremely low-income, low-income, and moderate-income persons served by each activity where information on income by family size is required to determine

the eligibility of the activity.

Number of Persons Served	CDBG Actual	HOME Actual
Extremely Low-income	280	0
Low-income	27	0
Moderate-income	0	0
Total	307	0

Table 7 – Number of Persons Served

Narrative Information

Housing residential accessibility program participation has fluctuated during recent years, and CD staff is continuing to review and track program marketing and application processes. Some Housing Rehabilitation Program funds allocated in 2015 were not spent in that year and will be used to fund larger housing rehab projects in 2016. However, in 2015, the City has exceeded expectations, particularly in the area of housing rehabilitation. The City continues to identify and explore accessibility and affordable housing projects and to support to nonprofit agencies that provide services to extremely low-, low- and moderate- income persons citywide. The City continues to address homeless housing and shelter needs through support to the family/individual emergency shelter and the domestic violence shelter.

CR-25 - Homeless and Other Special Needs 91.220(d, e); 91.320(d, e); 91.520(c)

Evaluate the jurisdiction's progress in meeting its specific objectives for reducing and ending homelessness through:

Reaching out to homeless persons (especially unsheltered persons) and assessing their individual needs

The Community Development Department is dedicated to addressing homelessness. The City reaches out to homeless and unsheltered persons through its relationship with the Cross Roads House. The Cross Roads House is a homeless shelter in the jurisdiction that provides both emergency and transitional shelter to homeless people. In addition to shelter, the Cross Roads House provides a wide range of services to individuals in transition including case management, tutoring, mental health counseling, vocational training, life skills training and assistance in finding permanent housing. The doors of the Cross Roads House are open to all individuals in need of shelter, including those who could become homeless after being discharged from publicly funded institutions and systems of care.

In 2015, \$8,500 in CDBG grant funding was awarded to support the salaries of direct care and case management workers. The City also provided an additional \$23,390 to Cross Roads House out of the Welfare Department budget to keep extremely low-income individuals and families from becoming homeless. CDBG funding provided for the sheltering of 201 individuals. CD staff are also involved in forums and working groups addressing issues of chronic homelessness and coordination of services for those at or at risk of becoming homeless including the Continuum of Care.

Addressing the emergency shelter and transitional housing needs of homeless persons

The City continues to fund non profit agencies that work to provide emergency shelter and transitional housing needs of homeless persons. In Program Year 2015, the City funded with CDBG the following agencies:

A Safe Place provided emergency shelter and support services to people in abusive relationships. The population served by this agency is presumed to earn low income. In 2015, the project benefitted 53 women and children fleeing from domestic violence. Funding was provided through federal, state, private and local sources, including the Portsmouth CDBG program.

Cross Roads House provided emergency and transitional shelter to homeless individuals and families. All of the clients of this organization (100%) were individuals in families who earned very low incomes. Funding was provided by CDBG, the City's general fund, as well as other local, state, federal and private sources. The shelter served 201 clients in, with bed nights and supportive services.

In 2015, the City also engaged in close cooperation and participation in the Continuum of Care.

Helping low-income individuals and families avoid becoming homeless, especially extremely low-income individuals and families and those who are: likely to become homeless after being discharged from publicly funded institutions and systems of care (such as health care facilities, mental health facilities, foster care and other youth facilities, and corrections programs and institutions); and, receiving assistance from public or private agencies that address housing, health, social services, employment, education, or youth needs

Community Development staff continued to work closely with the Portsmouth Housing Authority, HUD, the City of Portsmouth Welfare Department, the Balance of State Continuum of Care, the Portsmouth Housing Endowment Fund and The Housing Partnership on affordable housing and homelessness issues; with the Chamber of Commerce and the City's Economic Development Commission on economic development issues; and with the Portsmouth Arts and Cultural Agency Board of Directors and with neighborhood groups on community development issues.

In addition, the City CDBG program funded agencies such as Rockingham Community Action Program and AIDS Response of the Seacoast that work with precariously housed individuals and families and help prevent the hospitalization of those living with HIV/AIDS by providing supportive services.

AIDS Response of the Seacoast offered a number of services to individuals living with AIDS, including case management, financial aid and housing assistance for clients unable to work due to illness. Funding was provided by the CDBG program, the City's general fund, Ryan White Care Act, New Hampshire Emergency Shelter Grants in Aid Program and local foundations. Individuals and small families who earned very low or low incomes made up 100% of the Portsmouth beneficiaries.

Rockingham Community Action received CDBG funding and support from the City Welfare Department to provide rental deposit assistance, fuel assistance, and related help that helps families stay in their homes. Thirteen families were assisted directly with CDBG funds in Program year 2015.

Helping homeless persons (especially chronically homeless individuals and families, families with children, veterans and their families, and unaccompanied youth) make the transition to permanent housing and independent living, including shortening the period of time that individuals and families experience homelessness, facilitating access for homeless individuals and families to affordable housing units, and preventing individuals and families who were recently homeless from becoming homeless again

As previously discussed in this section, the City continues to fund and support various nonprofit agencies with CDBG funding and Welfare funds to address homelessness issues. The Welfare Department refers struggling individuals and families receiving assistance from other public or private programs to the Cross Roads House when transitional housing is needed.

CR-30 - Public Housing 91.220(h); 91.320(j)

Actions taken to address the needs of public housing

The City continued to support the Portsmouth Housing Authority (PHA) in its efforts to maintain and create new affordable housing opportunities and to administer its public housing and Section 8 voucher programs in Portsmouth. The Housing Authority manages several residential complexes serving the elderly, families with children, and families with disabilities. In addition, the Authority manages a tenant-based section 8 program and waiting list of at least 500 persons.

The Housing Authority has also worked with local public safety providers to ensure effective screening policies, strict lease enforcement and the maintenance of healthy and safe neighborhoods. The Housing Authority also provides employment and education incentives to tenants, as well as youth risk prevention services. The City of Portsmouth and the Portsmouth Housing Authority have worked closely to address the need for public housing, including on retention, renovation and development of housing units as well as improvements to livability and access to services by residents.

The PHA has made great strides in the past several years in areas including security, accessibility, and partnerships with the community. Challenges to address in the future include the increasing number of non-elderly disabled persons being served, and expanding housing opportunities. Recently the PHA has been required to house greater numbers of non-seniors with physical and/or mental disabilities in traditionally senior housing buildings; this creates a difficult situation to manage but one in which the PHA is confident it can continue to serve both populations through new administrative strategies and community partnerships. With over 500 families on the PHA's waiting list and sustained lack of affordable housing for the Seacoast's workforce, the PHA is looking for new opportunities to increase housing units through acquisition or new construction. While this process can take years, opportunities for potential projects are currently being developed. The PHA has also committed to increase collaboration between other regional or statewide Housing Authorities and non-profit developers. This includes cooperating on issues like policy development, purchasing, back office operations and wait lists in order to decrease costs and improve customer service, with the long-term goal of creating a stronger and more disciplined organization.

Actions taken to encourage public housing residents to become more involved in management and participate in homeownership

The City and the Portsmouth Housing Authority (PHA) hold the common interest of ensuring that safe and decent housing is available to individuals and families earning very low, low or moderate incomes. All subrecipient agreements for public service agency grant recipients are required to advertise their services in the PHA housing complexes. In PY 2015, a public service agency grant was awarded to the **PHA's MC3 Program** (Making Classroom & Community Connections). The CDBG grant funding gives the PHA enough leveraging to open the services of the MC3 Program to all Portsmouth youth. In addition, the FY 2015-2019 Consolidated Plan referenced needed capital improvements to several public housing properties owned or managed by the Portsmouth Housing Authority. These were factored into the public facilities needs for the five year consolidated plan. In addition to requiring that Public Service Agency Grant recipient actively market services to PHA residents, the City also coordinates marketing efforts with the PHA administration of the City's First-Time Homebuyer Program, HomeTown.

The PHA is committed to encouraging resident participation in all of its neighborhoods in order to improve social outcomes, reduce crime, foster greater civic engagement, and assure more caring and compassionate communities. Besides working to add more programs and services for tenants, the PHA encourages residents to seek leadership roles and actively engage with the future of the community by joining Resident Advisory Boards.

Improvements at PHA-owned Properties, FY 15 include:

-Completed Elevator replacement (2) at Margeson Apartments
-Replaced all toilets at Gosling Meadows (124 units)
-Upgraded security cameras at Margeson (16 additional zones) and Feaster (17 additional zones)
-In process of replacing all windows at Feaster Apartments

Actions taken to provide assistance to troubled PHAs

No troubled PHAs in the jurisdiction.

CR-35 - Other Actions 91.220(j)-(k); 91.320(i)-(j)

Actions taken to remove or ameliorate the negative effects of public policies that serve as barriers to affordable housing such as land use controls, tax policies affecting land, zoning ordinances, building codes, fees and charges, growth limitations, and policies affecting the return on residential investment. 91.220 (j); 91.320 (i)

Affordable housing continues to be identified as a critical housing need at this time. The 2015 citywide Master Plan addresses the need for the creation and maintenance of new and existing affordable housing opportunities, as well as strategies for accomplishing that objective. Several of the strategies are discussed in the FY 2015-2019 Consolidated Plan. In 2015, the City Council-appointed Housing Committee, which includes representatives from the Planning and Community Development Departments, is working on a report regarding the creation of additional affordable housing units and zoning changes. These policy considerations are intended to encourage mixed use redevelopment that incorporates workforce housing along transit corridors and central village concept. This work builds upon the 2008 Housing Commiteee that included establishing a Workforce Housing Trust Fund and zoning changes. The 2008 final report is available on the City's website.

The demand for housing in the region continues to be significant resulting in high rents and very low vacancy rates. The housing cost burden remains difficult, as rents have been rising in Portsmouth, according to the New Hampshire Housing Finance Authority (NHHFA).

Actions taken to address obstacles to meeting underserved needs. 91.220(k); 91.320(j)

The City's Annual Action Plan does not allocate resources based on geographic areas or targeted assistance. All programs and projects are intended to benefit residents earning low and moderate incomes accessing services and safe affordable housing, as well as ensuring access for people with disabilities throughout the City.

Actions taken to reduce lead-based paint hazards. 91.220(k); 91.320(j)

The Community Development Department's Housing Specialist conducts a risk assessment of all units approved for funding through the CDBG-funded Housing Rehabilitation Program. Priority for assistance is accorded to homes that pose the greatest health and safety threat to occupants. For this purpose, homes with lead-based paint hazards that are occupied by families with children under age six, are given priority over other projects.

The City's Housing Specialist is trained as a risk assessor. Having a risk assessor on staff increases the City's ability to quickly and cost effectively respond to residents' lead-based paint concerns. To facilitate the assessment of lead-based paint hazards, the Housing Specialist works with the State, which analyzes paint samples for the content of lead-based paint. Two lead based projects were undertaken in PY 2015, under the housing rehabilitation program.

The Housing Specialist is also a certified Lead-Based Paint contractor/specialist who is certified to oversee lead safe work practices.

The City actively coordinates on lead reduction efforts with the New Hampshire Housing Finance Authority who is the lead grant recipient of funding from federal lead paint initiatives. The City is involved in supporting these applications and in cooperating in their administration and in referring applicable properties as appropriate.

Actions taken to reduce the number of poverty-level families. 91.220(k); 91.320(j)

The City does not have an explicit policy for the reduction in households below the poverty line. However, the City's Welfare Department provides services directly to families living in poverty. In addition, both the Welfare and Community Development Departments provide grants to public service agencies serving families in poverty. The Community Development Department works closely with the Health Department, Welfare Department and the Portsmouth Housing Authority as well as other agencies that work most closely with families in poverty.

Actions taken to develop institutional structure. 91.220(k); 91.320(j)

No gaps in the institutional structure were identified in the Five-Year Consolidated Plan. In 2015, City staff and local officials continued to keep communication open with the non-profit community and the Portsmouth Housing Authority, so that any gaps identified could be addressed. In addition, relationships with the various public service agencies serving clients earning low or moderate incomes allowed staff to keep aware of agency needs. In many cases, these relationships have led to participation by these agencies in grant programs available through the CDBG program.

Actions taken to enhance coordination between public and private housing and social service agencies. 91.220(k); 91.320(j)

The City of Portsmouth and its residents benefit from a good network of social services and public and privately-assisted housing. For its size, Portsmouth benefits from a wide range of social service providers to assist those in need in Portsmouth. This is due in part to Portsmouth's role as an economic, cultural, and social hub of the region. Many larger non-profits are located in Portsmouth but have service areas beyond the City's borders. In addition, the leading agency in Portsmouth for housing issues, the Portsmouth Housing Authority, is heavily involved in the coordination of non-profit service providers and participates extensively in regional efforts to address substance misuse and homelessness issues. Most all of the City's publicly and privately assisted housing developments are served by regional transportation.

Identify actions taken to overcome the effects of any impediments identified in the jurisdictions analysis of impediments to fair housing choice. 91.520(a)

The following is a summary of actions taken in FY 2015-2016 to address impediments to fair housing and affirmatively further fair housing. The City's 2013 Analysis of Impediments (AI) to Fair Housing and further details regarding these activities can be found in the Fair Housing record in the Community Development Department.

2013 Al-Identified Impediment: Public Awareness and Education on Fair Housing Issues

Actions taken in FY 2015-2016 to Address Impediment:

• Provided grant funding to NHLA Assistance Fair Housing Project to:

o Broaden understanding in the Community about Fair Housing issues including among renters and buyers within all the protected classes through trainings and forums. This year, NHLA gave three fair housing and tenant/landlord presentation to 34 clients of Crossroads House.

o Provide legal services to 34 Portsmouth residents on housing issues ranging from foreclosures to evictions.

o Provide advice and counsel to Portsmouth residents experiencing instances of housing discrimination. o Continue a public campaign to reach out to individuals who would not access formal trainings and education opportunities.

2013 Al-Identified Impediment: Economic Factors and Housing Affordability: The recent economic downtown, while having a blunted effect on New Hampshire and Portsmouth as compared to the rest of the country, has negatively impacted vulnerable populations and families who spend large portions of their incomes on housing, including persons with disabilities. According to the State-wide AI, non-white racial and ethnic minorities, young single mothers, and persons with disabilities are disproportionately situated within lower income brackets. They are more likely to spend more of their incomes on housing, experience instability in their housing and have more difficulty accessing housing. The State-wide AI notes that "there is one HUD-subsidized housing unit for every five households that may be eligible" and the waiting lists in Portsmouth certainly indicate a demand for affordable housing especially for households earning less than 30% of Median Family Income, which make up over 75% of the households on the Section 8 voucher and public housing waiting lists. The reality of economic hardship and the City's high-cost housing market together contributed to the identification of this impediment in 2010 and its inclusion in the 2013 update.

Actions taken in FY 2015-2016 to Address Impediment:

- Supported the continuation and preservation of affordable housing opportunities for all including those in minority communities, the elderly and the disabled.
- Continued providing the Housing Rehabilitation and Residential Accessibility Grant and related programs to improve the quality and accessibility of housing stock.
- Supported public service agencies that assist households who earn low and/or moderate incomes and often have difficulty in maintaining and accessing housing, in FY 2015-2016 these

agencies and programs included Seacoast Mental Health Center's Psychiatry Program, Portsmouth Housing Authority's MC3 Program and the New Hampshire Legal Assistance Housing Justice Project.

• Supported the Portsmouth Housing Authority in its efforts to maintain and create new affordable housing opportunities and to administer its public housing and Section 8 voucher programs in Portsmouth.

Other Actions Taken in FY 2015-2016 Related to Fair Housing:

• Disseminated and posted anti-housing discrimination posters in City buildings from the National Fair Housing Alliance.

CR-40 - Monitoring 91.220 and 91.230

Describe the standards and procedures used to monitor activities carried out in furtherance of the plan and used to ensure long-term compliance with requirements of the programs involved, including minority business outreach and the comprehensive planning requirements

All potential community development activities are reviewed by program staff for eligibility and compliance requirements to determine if the project is eligible for funding. Once a project is funded and underway, Community Development staff monitors project progress either through a desk audit or an on-site visit. Mid-year, project progress is publicized at a Public Hearing and is reviewed by the Community Advisory Committee (CAC) and Community Development staff. Annually, projects are reviewed as a component of the City audit, including through a Single Audit (A-133).

External Review

In addition to cooperation with the City's A-133 Single Audit, the Community Development Department is reviewed externally. Periodically, HUD Community Planning and Development representatives monitor program compliance. Compliance with financial regulations is overseen by the Community Development staff and the City Finance Department. Annually, CD staff demonstrate compliance with CDBG spending thresholds and other programmatic requirements through its submission of its Consolidated Annual Performance Evaluation Report (CAPER).

Monitoring Policy

The Community Development (CD) Department has the responsibility to insure compliance with federal regulations by all of its contractors and subrecipients. Monitoring is an important function that is especially required for all programs and projects that require compliance with CDBG regulations. During the previous Consolidated Plan period, local HUD representatives recommended a risk assessment strategy, which would help focus monitoring efforts on projects and programs determined to be at a higher risk of non-compliance with appropriate regulatory authorities. As a result, the CD Department revised its monitoring policy in FY 2005-2006. The risk assessment approach was similarly recommended at a March 2010 HUD training on subrecipient management.

Monitoring of CDBG subrecipients is been determined by the following factors: length or program history, amount of funding, complexity of terms in subrecipient agreement, and familiarity of subrecipient personnel assigned to duties under the CDBG agreement. By prioritizing subrecipients based on these factors CDBG staff will determine if subrecipient monitoring is appropriate for that year.

Citizen Participation Plan 91.105(d); 91.115(d)

Describe the efforts to provide citizens with reasonable notice and an opportunity to comment on performance reports.

The FY 2015-2016 Consolidated Annual Performance and Evaluation Report was available for public review for 15 days beginning on September 14, 2016 and ending on September 29, 2016 (see Attachment 2: Legal Notice). No public comments were received.

CR-45 - CDBG 91.520(c)

Specify the nature of, and reasons for, any changes in the jurisdiction's program objectives and indications of how the jurisdiction would change its programs as a result of its experiences.

No changes in the jurisdiction's program objectives as outlined in the Five Year Consolidated Plan.

Does this Jurisdiction have any open Brownfields Economic Development Initiative (BEDI) grants?

No

[BEDI grantees] Describe accomplishments and program outcomes during the last year.